

3.2.1. Patent



2:26 PM

Office of the Controller General of Patents, Designs & Trade Marks
Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion,
Ministry of Commerce & Industry,
Government of India

Application Details

APPLICATION NUMBER	202221050742
APPLICATION TYPE	ORDINARY APPLICATION
DATE OF FILING	06/09/2022
APPLICANT NAME	1 . Dr. Rahul Yeshwant Nikam 2 . Dr. Pandurang Shivram Patil 3 . Dr. Ghansham Baburao Jagtap 4 . Dr. Jagdish Shanker Sonawane
TITLE OF INVENTION	AN INNOVATIVE APPROACH TO INVESTIGATE INTERPERSONAL VIOLENCE FOR PUBLIC HEALTH PROMOTION
FIELD OF INVENTION	CHEMICAL
E-MAIL (As Per Record)	mail2patentipr@gmail.com
ADDITIONAL-EMAIL (As Per Record)	mail2patentipr@gmail.com
E-MAIL (UPDATED Online)	

Title – “An innovative approach to investigate intrapersonal violence for public health promotion”

Researcher –

1. Dr. Pandurang Shivram Patil – SSES P. J. N. College of Social Work Amalner.
2. Dr. Jagdish Sonawane – P. J. N. College of Social Work Amalner.

Summary - The present invention: Interpersonal violence has been recognized as an issue that has to be addressed from a public health perspective due to the fact that it is a leading cause of both physical harm and murder. Interpersonal violence has been found to have a significant role in the

genesis of mental illness, chronic disease, and even infectious illnesses like HIV/AIDS, according to the evidence.

Unfortunately, public health officials, policy makers, and the general public continue to have a difficult time seeing such far-reaching implications in their entirety. The victims of violence seldom come into touch with government or service organisation, and many of the health and social implications may not become apparent until years after being exposed to it. Violence is often concealed.

An increased knowledge of these effects is currently leading to efforts that may decrease the immense cost that violence has on both health and society. Contemplated that these variations, changes, additions, and improvements fall within the invention

We Claim: 1. Interventions in public health are conducted with the intention of preventing acts of violence. It is possible for multiple types of violent crime to be reduced simultaneously if prevention efforts target the common underlying risk factors. These kinds of efforts include two distinct categories of interventions:

2. The first category focuses on eliminating well-defined risk factors and protective variables (such as increasing support for parents, decreasing the availability of alcohol and the misuse of it, and cutting down on access to potentially fatal methods) among well-defined target groups, such as teenagers.

3. The second category includes policies and programmes that target the social factors that contribute to violent behavior. This category includes initiatives to enhance the quality of day-to-day living and to encourage a more fair allocation of power, wealth, and resources.

4. As is the case with automobile safety, the solutions will be incremental and will require multispectral collaboration among policy makers working in criminal justice, public health, education, and other fields.

This can be achieved by pursuing the objective of affecting the strategy and regulating setting of brutality as much as individual way of behaving.

They are:

- Strength of affiliation connecting speculative reason and result (as surveyed, e.g., by the size of relative dangers)
- Consistency of discoveries, e.g., by various specialists in various settings
- Particularity - the association of explicit, thin causes to explicit results
- Fleeting succession — the need of cause going before result
- Portion reaction relationship

Believability regarding current information

- Rationality - like credibility, the fit with other contemporary information
- Explore - offering the most grounded help
- Relationship - the similarity of proposed

* Causality with causality in similar phenomena.


IQAC Coordinator
Prof. Vijaykumar Waghmare




Principal
Dr. P.S. Patil